

HORNS LOCKED FAST.

Blaine Men and Ohio Men Booming Their Favorites.

Second Day of the Convention Opened with Lively Scenes.

SENATOR EVARTS PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

Delegates Whooping It Up at Every Opportunity—Great Shouting Done for the Man From Maine—Sherman's Friends Cheer Also—Foraker Not Forgotten—A Squabble Among the New Yorkers—Bloody Shirt Resolutions About Lamar.

Despite the precautions taken by the Republican Club Convention in Chickering Hall to avoid all consideration of candidates for 1888, and for the promotion of harmony in the great work which the clubs propose to do—the salvation of the Gone Out Party—the contest between Blaine, of Maine, and Sherman, of Ohio, fairly and distinctly outlined itself.

Blaine and Sherman could not be kept out of the conflicting minds of any gathering of Republicans any more than Mr. Dick could keep the head of Charles I. out of his "memoirs."

The selection of a temporary President brought it about, despite the efforts of the managers of this love-feast.

The committee did nicely. Recognizing that barring his own remotely possible candidacy, Senator Evarts, who was about as good a name as any, was the only one who could be agreed upon for permanent chairman, is a "Blaine man," they amicably balanced that seeming boom for James G. by naming Daniel J. Ryan, President of the Republican State League from Sherman's own commonwealth, for temporary Chairman.

The only other candidate that had been thought of was a Michigander, Col. John Atkinson. Blaine, however, being the selection would make the convention look very side nillish for Blaine.

All this was very pretty and brotherly, but was Mr. Ryan's name announced by the convention there was an uproar. The unexpected happened.

Col. Snowden, of Pennsylvania, jumped to his feet with a protest against the attempt to force any man on the convention who was not a native son of the State.

Gen. Nathan Goff, of Virginia, a staunch follower of J. Gillespie Blaine, there was wild excitement, shouts, hurrahs for Blaine, for Sherman, for Goff.

On the vote the nominee of the committee got 100 votes and Gen. Goff polled 155, which, considering that Mr. Ryan had the prestige of the committee, and that before the votes of forty-five New Yorkers, every one of whom is devoted to Blaine, was not much of a victory for John, of Ohio.

CAUCUSING LAST NIGHT.

Evidently Mr. Sherman's friends felt the sting and realized that the convention was not particularly in the interests of their leader at least, and as a result, there was much indignation among the adherents of Sherman last night, and loud threats were made that they would make the permanent chairman to-day.

The line between the Blaine men and the Sherman men is distinctly drawn to-day, and it would require a very strong man to run the fair the wrong way to get up a first-rate fight between the two factions.

TROUBLE OVER THE RESOLUTIONS.

The fight came up again unexpectedly last evening at the meeting of the Committee on Resolutions of the Republican Club in Twenty-eighth street.

John A. Kasson, of Iowa, who is set down as a Blaine man, was selected for Chairman of the committee, but when "Joe" Mauley, Blaine's right hand, was called on to make his opening speech, he insisted that Blaine's views on the tariff question, as expressed in his Paris interview on President Cleveland's message, be adopted by the convention, and the Ohio man, who was met by an opposition unlooked for by the Sherman men.

The Ohio man advocated the adoption of a platform of platitude meaning nothing and straddling the question completely.

The opposition was strong enough to refer the whole matter to a committee of Chairman Kasson, Editor Emory Smith, of the Philadelphia Record, Senator William E. Chandler of the Committee on Credentials, and James J. Connelley, of the Committee on League Club Organization.

The Committee on Resolutions had another hard battle over the attempt to say something definite on the saloon question. Col. Manley fought an arduous resolution and it was left in abeyance.

NEW YORK DELEGATES SQUABBLING.

Previous to the reassembling of the convention the delegates from this State held a rather stormy caucus in the gallery.

Mr. E. T. Brady, who is a member of the machine State Committee, was the Senatorial District, president. The representatives of the various clubs throughout the State decided to have a meeting.

"We should not gather for the purpose of coming to some conclusion about voting as a unit or otherwise," shouted a Herkimer County farmer.

"That's so; that's so," chorused fifty delegates.

A motion was made that the New York delegates should meet immediately after the adjournment of the morning session.

Ex-Alderman James W. Hayes offered an amendment. He wanted the meeting to take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

About a dozen delegates tried to get the attention of Mr. Brackett. It was finally decided to assemble immediately after the morning session.

Then a fight occurred over the place of meeting. Alderman Alfred H. Conkling, of the Seventh District, a nephew of Roscoe Conkling, moved that the caucus be held at Wallace's, in Fifth Avenue, near Nineteenth street.

NO SALOON IN HIS.

Wallace's was about to be accepted when a haymaker from St. Lawrence County asked if Wallace's was a hall or a town meeting place. He was told that it was a restaurant.

"It is a restaurant," demanded the haymaker. This question caused a rumour.

"No saloon," came from a number of the delegates.

"It is a restaurant," yelled Alderman Conkling.

"Is liquor sold there?" was the question next asked at him.

the Alderman, "that is the only reason I suggested the place."

The rules delegates, however, decided against meeting at Wallace's, and it was agreed to hold the caucus at the rooms of the Thirtieth Assembly District Republican Club in the Grand Opera House Building.

The caucus is to fix up a plan to organize the New York clubs into a State League.

TROUBLE IN THE KEYSTONE HANES.

For a time there was danger of a split in the big Pennsylvania delegation.

By a mistake yesterday Mr. Warren, of Scranton, and Capt. Thornton, of Philadelphia, were both appointed as the Keystone representative on the Committee of Permanent Organization of Leagues. The friends of Mr. Warren claimed that it was distinctly understood that Capt. Thornton was to withdraw in case there were only five committees instead of six, as some stated.

The latter's friends denied this, and the delegation held a hot meeting in the gentlemen's room in the hall, after being unable to settle the difficulty at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

The debate was hot, but the older and more cool-headed delegates prevailed. It was decided by 40 to 18 that Mr. Warren was to be the man.

REASSEMBLING OF THE CONVENTION.

The Chickering Hall Convention was to reassemble at 10 o'clock to-day, but the delegates generally "saw the town" last night, and as they straggled in this morning, their sleepy eyes and wrinkled brows boded ill for harmony.

Senator Evarts got a seat on the platform without applause, and Col. Fred Grant was almost unknown and hardly noticed on the platform.

Joe Manly was a thoughtful, business-like air, and Senator Chandler evidently thought something was going to happen.

Temporary Chairman Ryan rapped with his gavel and obtained order at 10.30 o'clock, and Chairman Chandler read the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business, as follows:

1. That the unit of representation when a roll call is demanded by the chairman of five States or Territories shall be that of the club, each club to have one vote, to be determined by a majority of its delegates present.

2. Each State shall have a chairman, who shall ascertain and announce the vote of the various clubs of the State subject to a demand for a roll call of the clubs for that State by any one of its delegates.

3. The order of business shall be: (1) Reports of committees. (2) Credentials. (3) Permanent organization. (4) Resolutions. (5) Other business.

4. No person shall be permitted to speak on any pending question more than five minutes without the consent of the convention.

The report was adopted.

APPLAUSE FOR BLAINE AND SHERMAN.

Gen. G. S. Batchelor presented the report on Credentials, and the Secretary read the list of clubs represented in the Convention.

During the reading there was frequent applause. When a club bore the name of Lincoln or Grant or Logan there was special applause and sometimes faint cheering.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

But the laugh was rather mechanical and their huzzas were faint. It took only an instant for them to compose their features into the stolid expression of indifference.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

But the laugh was rather mechanical and their huzzas were faint. It took only an instant for them to compose their features into the stolid expression of indifference.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

But the laugh was rather mechanical and their huzzas were faint. It took only an instant for them to compose their features into the stolid expression of indifference.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

But the laugh was rather mechanical and their huzzas were faint. It took only an instant for them to compose their features into the stolid expression of indifference.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

But the laugh was rather mechanical and their huzzas were faint. It took only an instant for them to compose their features into the stolid expression of indifference.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

But the laugh was rather mechanical and their huzzas were faint. It took only an instant for them to compose their features into the stolid expression of indifference.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

But the laugh was rather mechanical and their huzzas were faint. It took only an instant for them to compose their features into the stolid expression of indifference.

When the "James G. Blaine Club," of somewhere, was called, there was a tremendous cheer, long prolonged, and cat-calls and yells.

Every eye turned instantly toward the Ohio men under the gallery, and they were found to be clapping their hands and cheering and huzzas.

or hold the high office of Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States; therefore, Resolved That I, Q. C. Laffey, do not to have been a pointed Justice of said court.

It was then carried, on motion, that all resolutions should be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without being read.

RICHARD BRINGS DOWN THE HOUSE.

The delegation next howled, yelled, laughed, gave cat-calls and had lots of fun for five minutes over a mistake made by Chairman Ryan. He recognized a delegate from New York and announced his name as Burchard.

After the inventor of "Rom, Romanism and Rebellion" had been laughed at, Chairman Ryan said the name of the delegate was really Bursall.

Mr. Bursall had a resolution favoring the present tariff and the distribution of the surplus revenue received from the tax on whiskey and tobacco among the several States.

His resolution was laughed at and then sent to the Resolution Committee.

SENATOR EVARTS PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

The Committee on Permanent Organization recommended Senator William M. Evarts for Permanent Chairman.

His address was greeted with great applause. He was escorted to the Speaker's desk by ex-Gov. Alger, of Michigan, and Mr. James P. Foster, President of the Republican Club of this city.

Mr. Evarts' name was greeted with great applause. He was escorted to the Speaker's desk by ex-Gov. Alger, of Michigan, and Mr. James P. Foster, President of the Republican Club of this city.

Mr. Evarts could begin his speech. The delegates gave him a rousing welcome and he kept nodding his head. He spoke for an hour.

His address was a regular Republican campaign speech and his style and oratory did not evoke too much enthusiasm. Towards the close of his remarks many of the delegates became tired and left their seats.

He occasionally stirred up his audience, especially when he referred to the alleged ballot-box frauds in the South and the protection of American industries.

Mr. Evarts began by saying that the formation of Republican clubs and the organization of leagues or clubs in the various States would not interfere with the established machinery of the Republican party.

He alluded to the call for the convention and the understanding that the few delegates would not recommend or name any candidate for the Presidential nomination.

The party, he said, was greater and better than any candidate who could be nominated or nominated. It was now the habit of the Democratic party to pride itself on nominating a candidate better than his party.

Mr. Evarts gave the Mugwumps a rub by referring to "people who were deluded three years ago, and who helped to elect the Democratic candidate." The illusion that led men to vote for the Democratic candidate had passed away, he declared.

The people of the United States could not be fooled a second time.

THE FIGHT IN 1888.

In referring to the Presidential contest of 1888 Mr. Evarts captured the convention by his denunciation of the Mugwumps.

He said that the Mugwumps had been a candidate, and never will have a candidate for President who is hostile to any of the great interests of the country.

He then branched off into an attack on the Democratic party at responsible for alleged suppression of the suffrage in the Southern States. He charged that free and honest suffrage was unknown in the South and claimed that the votes of the colored people were not counted.

"Crime against suffrage," he said, "is a crime against the majesty of the nation. You have the right to have every vote in the Southern States counted."

He averred that elections in Georgia and Mississippi were mere farces.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

Mr. Evarts was listened to closely when he touched the tariff question. He arraigned President Cleveland for his recent message, and said that the Democratic President and the Democratic party were opposed to the protection of American industries.

He leveled his attack at the Mugwumps, the people of the United States would prefer the change to be made by a protection party.

"As a last word," and Mr. Evarts was present. He continued by saying a round of applause.

"Go on," "Go on," came from the delegates.

"Green Goods" Men in Court.

Charles W. North and George B. Allen, the "green goods men" arrested over a week ago for carrying on their criminal operations, were to-day arraigned in the General Sessions Court to plead to indictments charging them with advertising counterfeit money. They pleaded not guilty. Froth and foam went to the Tombs, and Oliver, who has furnished bail, left the building.

In the case of Hymn and Nelson, who are indicted for the defense of the La Guardia Hotel, the case for trial, and it was fixed for next Tuesday before Recorder Smyth.

Trying to Find Three Notes.

Three notes to the amount of \$2,000, signed by M. Berger, dated Dec. 15 and payable in three, four and five months after date, were lost by that gentleman yesterday. William J. Lippman, who is the attorney of Mr. Berger, said this morning:

"We have cautioned the public against receiving them and will pay a reasonable reward for their return. The person who found or stole them was inclined not to deliver them to us, we would have gone to work to prove that they were not legally obtained, which would involve considerable expense."

A Colored Woman Burned to Death.

HARTFORD, Dec. 16.—Carrie Clark, colored, aged twenty-four, wife of Samuel Clark, was burned to death this morning. She arose at 4 o'clock, lighted a hand-lamp and went to the kitchen to get a glass of water. She was standing by the stove when the lamp tipped over and fell on her. She was burned to death in a short time.

Changes at the Custom-House.

Collector Wagstaff made the following appointments in the Custom-House to-day: John P. Kelley, of Westchester, to be a searcher at \$2.50 a day; Jacob Bauer, of New York, to be a watchman, at \$40 a year; Samuel J. Cooper and George H. Dyer, of New York, to be storekeepers at \$1,400 a year each. John A. DeWitt was watchman was discharged.

Ferguson Held for Trial.

George Ferguson, alias Cook, who was arrested for snatching a pocketbook containing \$5 from the hand of Miss Lillie Gee yesterday afternoon at Sullivan and Houston streets, was charged with highway robbery this morning in the Recorder's Court. He said that he was a carpenter employed in East Twenty-fifth street. He was held in \$100 bail for trial.

Run Over by a Locomotive.

The body of Jeremiah O'Neil, twenty years of age, who was run over by a locomotive and killed in the Long Island Railroad Depot, in Hunter's Point, last night, while on his way to the theatre, and whose body was found lying on the tracks this morning at the Morgue. Permission was given for the removal of the body home to Woodside.

BYRNES'S PLEA OF DEFENSE.

Claiming that Timothy Whalen's Death was Due to Careless Nursing.

The trial of Joseph Byrnes, for the murder of Timothy Whalen last May, was resumed this morning in the Court of General Sessions before Judge Cowing. Whalen was slain on Greenway street.

On the night of the assault he was shutting up shop when Byrnes came along and stumbled against him. In the subsequent quarrel Whalen was stabbed in the abdomen.

Byrnes is quite a able-bodied fellow, short of stature, with sharp features and pleasant face. He has but recently been released from prison where he was serving time for stabbing a man. Yesterday was excited to the prosecution and to-day the defense presented its argument and evidence.

Ex-Assemblyman House made the opening argument for the defense. He claimed that the wound inflicted by the prisoner was made in self-defense and that death was the result, not of the wound but of careless nursing.

Evidence is still being heard.

Dr. Thaddeus J. Keen, who attended the dead man, testified that the knife-wound in the abdomen in no way hastened Whalen's death. It was due to pneumonia, Dr. Charles H. Lewis also testified that death resulted from pneumonia engendered, however, by the knife-wound.

Byrnes's defense told the story of the assault. He said that he acted in self-defense, and did not strike Whalen until his life was threatened with a revolver in the hands of Whalen's brother Jim.

REAGAN WANTS MORE FIGHT.

He Says He is Willing to Meet Dempsey Again for \$1,000 a Side.

"He was too good a wrestler, that's what it was," were the words with which Johnny Reagan greeted a World reporter as he entered the private office of Richard K. Fox this afternoon.

Byrnes's defense told the story of the assault. He said that he acted in self-defense, and did not strike Whalen until his life was threatened with a revolver in the hands of Whalen's brother Jim.

The change of fighting-ground, which occurred after the eighth round, Reagan claims, was particularly bad for him, as the referee, for some time past, had been in the habit of allowing Reagan to put up a fight with Dempsey was conducted, saying that everything Jere Dunn said during the fight was wrong, and that Dempsey was nothing but a figure-head.

Johnny Reagan thinks that if the fight had been governed by the Marquis of Queensberry rules, Reagan would have been obliged to fight, and could not have resorted to wrestling.

It was Reagan's first fight under the London prize-fighting rules and he hopes it will be his last. He says he is willing to put up a forfeit for \$1,000 a side, the fight to take place six months after the signing of articles.

STOPPED BY HIGHWAYMEN.

Midnight Marauders Infesting New Jersey Roads Near Leedsville.

LEEDSVILLE, Dec. 16.—Fritz Smith, of Aubury Park, who is employed by Abel Coleman, of this place, was accompanied by two highwaymen a few nights ago while coming from Ocean Beach and robbed of \$50.

On Tuesday night Howard Chamberlain, of Red Bank, while going home alone, was confronted by two men who demanded money. Chamberlain refused their demands and the highwaymen attempted to garrote and rob him, but he was armed with a stout stick and fought them off.

Zerkus Hendrickson, of Morrisville, while driving past Monmouth Park last evening, had his team stopped by two unknown men, who demanded his purse. They got his whip lash instead and fled.

Death of a Distinguished Jurist.

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE WORLD.)

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 16.—Judge Francis H. Dewey, who was stricken with apoplexy at his residence on Tuesday evening, Dec. 15, died at 6 o'clock this morning. He remained unconscious to the end. He comes from a family of distinguished jurists, his father and grandfather having served on the Supreme Bench of Massachusetts.

Justice Dewey was born in Williamstown, July 12, 1821, and was graduated from Williams College, Mass., in 1843. He was admitted to the bar in 1845 and held many positions of trust and was a director and one of the heaviest stockholders in the Western Union Telegraph Company, attending to a great amount of its legal business.

"Reck" Donovan Held for Robbery.

MEAD, Donovan, alias "Reck" of Fourth Ward fame, was arraigned in the Essex Market Police Court this morning charged with the robbery of the three-hundred-dollar diamond pin belonging to Mr. Bach, diamond broker, of 93 Grand street. Donovan was arrested on Wednesday last, and was held in the Tombs, and Oliver, who has furnished bail, left the building.

In the case of Hymn and Nelson, who are indicted for the defense of the La Guardia Hotel, the case for trial, and it was fixed for next Tuesday before Recorder Smyth.

Trying to Find Three Notes.

Three notes to the amount of \$2,000, signed by M. Berger, dated Dec. 15 and payable in three, four and five months after date, were lost by that gentleman yesterday. William J. Lippman, who is the attorney of Mr. Berger, said this morning:

"We have cautioned the public against receiving them and will pay a reasonable reward for their return. The person who found or stole them was inclined not to deliver them to us, we would have gone to work to prove that they were not legally obtained, which would involve considerable expense."

A Colored Woman Burned to Death.

HARTFORD, Dec. 16.—Carrie Clark, colored, aged twenty-four, wife of Samuel Clark, was burned to death this morning. She arose at 4 o'clock, lighted a hand-lamp and went to the kitchen to get a glass of water. She was standing by the stove when the lamp tipped over and fell on her. She was burned to death in a short time.

Changes at the Custom-House.

Collector Wagstaff made the following appointments in the Custom-House to-day: John P. Kelley, of Westchester, to be a searcher at \$2.50 a day; Jacob Bauer, of New York, to be a watchman, at \$40 a year; Samuel J. Cooper and George H. Dyer, of New York, to be storekeepers at \$1,400 a year each. John A. DeWitt was watchman was discharged.

Ferguson Held for Trial.

George Ferguson, alias Cook, who was arrested for snatching a pocketbook containing \$5 from the hand of Miss Lillie Gee yesterday afternoon at Sullivan and Houston streets, was charged with highway robbery this morning in the Recorder's Court. He said that he was a carpenter employed in East Twenty-fifth street. He was held in \$100 bail for trial.

Run Over by a Locomotive.

The body of Jeremiah O'Neil, twenty years of age, who was run over by a locomotive and killed in the Long Island Railroad Depot, in Hunter's Point, last night, while on his way to the theatre, and whose body was found lying on the tracks this morning at the Morgue. Permission was given for the removal of the body home to Woodside.

Daniel Muller's Jury Out.

The jury in the case of Daniel Muller, on trial in Brooklyn for having killed his cousin, Michael Muller, at a Christmas party last June, retired at 10.40 p. m. to-day and are still out. Both Assistant District Attorney Clarke and the defendant's counsel submitted the case without opening up.

AUGUST BELMONT RESIGNS.

TROUBLE AMONG THE DIRECTORS OF THE AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB.

Judge Monson, Who Has Been Treasurer for Twenty-three Years, the Bone of Contention—Mr. Belmont Holds the Villa Side Association Responsible—An Effort to Induce Mr. Belmont to Remain President.

Members of the American Jockey Club are in a state of anything but mild excitement over the resignation of Banker August Belmont as President and Director, and the impending resignations of Judge Alonzo C. Monson, Treasurer, and L. L. Withers, director.

The meeting at which President Belmont resigned was held on Wednesday evening at the club-room on Madison avenue. The proceedings were unusually animated, but much reticence was maintained as to what was done and said.

It is known, however, that August Belmont, Alonzo C. Monson, William A. Duer, Leonard W. Jerome and John Hunter were elected directors, and that in consequence of what subsequently happened Mr. Belmont promptly tendered his resignation. Judge Monson and Mr. Withers also threatened to resign.